

Weekly Coal Production



Energy Information Administration
Washington, D.C.

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Highlights

Production of bituminous coal and lignite in the week ended March 3, 1984, as estimated by the Energy Information Administration, was 16,947,000 short tons. This was a decrease of 1,264,000 short tons, or 6.9 percent from production in the previous week. Production in the corresponding week of 1983 was 15,300,000 short tons. Bituminous coal and lignite production from January 1 through March 3, 1984, totaled 149,656,000 short tons, 11.5 percent above production in the same period of 1983. Bituminous coal and lignite production in February 1984, totaled 74,189,000 short tons, an increase of 23.1 percent over production of 60,257,000 short tons in February 1983.

Production of Pennsylvania anthracite in the week ended March 3, 1984, as estimated by the Energy Information Administration, was 86,000 short tons, a decrease of 5,000 short tons or 5.5 percent from production in the previous week. Production in the corresponding week of 1983 was 67,000 short tons. Anthracite production from January 1 through March 3, 1984, totaled 748,000 short tons, 35.0 percent above production for the same period of 1983.

Figure 1. Production of
Bituminous Coal and
Lignite, 1984
(Million Short Tons)

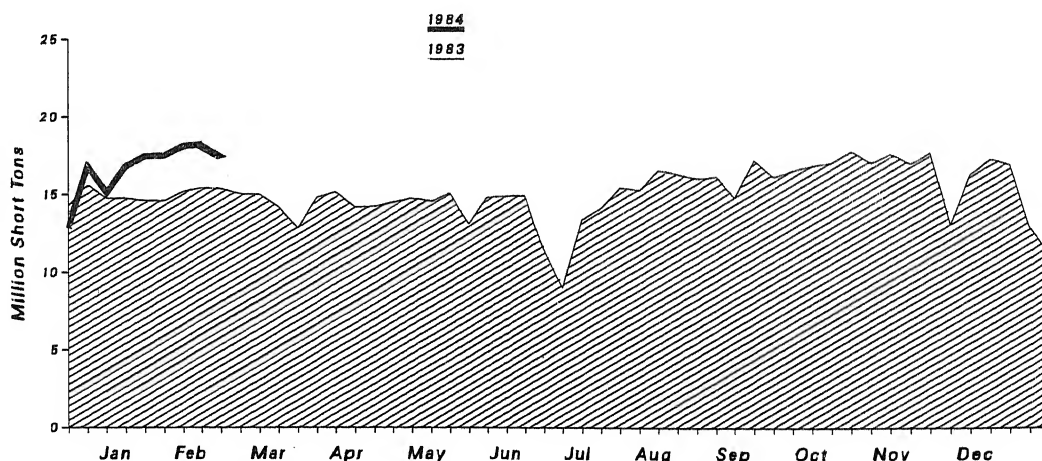


Table 1. Production of
Bituminous Coal and
Lignite
(Thousand Short Tons)

	Week Ending			Year to Date		Percent Change
	3/3/84 ^a	2/25/84 ^a	3/5/83 ^a	3/3/84 ^a	3/5/83 ^a	
Total Production	16,947	18,211	15,300	149,656	134,251	+11.5
Railroad Carloadings	110,198	117,428	101,748	964,761	882,814	

^aPreliminary.

Source: Weekly carloading reports, Car Service Division, Association of American Railroads.

Table 2. Production of Bituminous Coal and Lignite, by State (Thousand Short Tons)

State	Week Ending		
	March 3, 1984 ^a	February 25, 1984 ^a	March 5, 1983 ^a
Alabama	524	622	445
Alaska	22	23	18
Arizona	-	104	206
Arkansas	4	5	4
Colorado	352	410	347
Georgia	5	5	-
Illinois	1,140	1,381	1,211
Indiana	705	777	631
Iowa	10	11	6
Kansas	18	17	15
Kentucky			
Eastern	2,110	2,326	1,832
Western	853	914	752
Total	2,963	3,240	2,584
Maryland	66	82	40
Missouri	103	105	84
Montana	709	660	516
New Mexico	546	528	395
North Dakota	448	421	363
Ohio	745	786	641
Oklahoma	119	116	96
Pennsylvania	1,213	1,348	1,234
Tennessee	143	173	139
Texas	842	893	707
Utah	339	327	276
Virginia	706	744	670
Washington	87	92	90
West Virginia	2,413	2,862	2,211
Wyoming	2,725	2,479	2,371
Total	16,947	18,211	15,300

^aPreliminary.
Source: Weekly carloading reports, Car Service Division, Association of American Railroads, and selected State agencies.

Figure 2. Production of Pennsylvania Anthracite, 1984 (Thousand Short Tons)

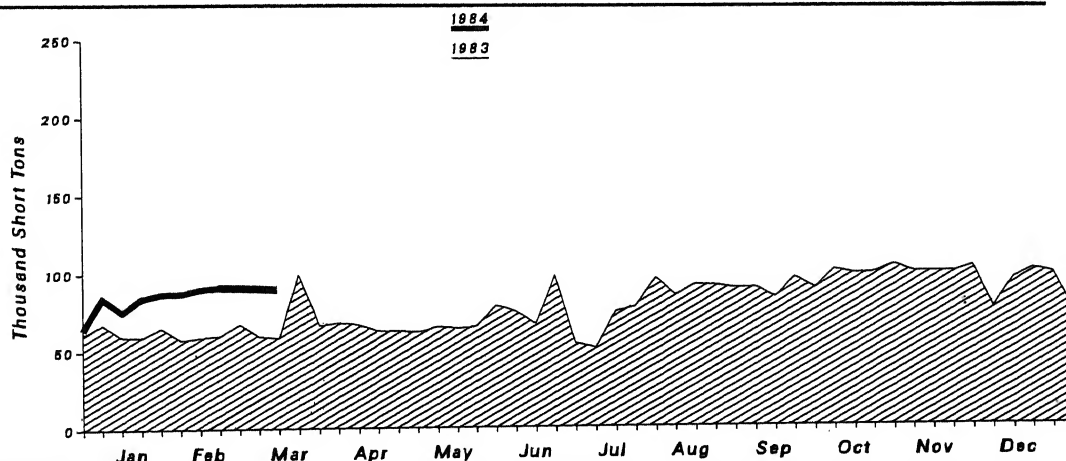


Table 3. Production of Anthracite (Thousand Short Tons)

	Week Ending			Year to Date		Percent Change
	3/3/84 ^a	2/25/84 ^a	3/5/83 ^a	3/3/84 ^a	3/5/83 ^a	
Total Production	86	91	67	748	554	+35.0
Railroad Carloadings	114	66	106	546	647	

^aPreliminary.
Source: Weekly carloading reports, Car Service Division, Association of American Railroads.

Weekly Coal Production provides timely information on coal: current statistics on the production of anthracite, bituminous coal, and lignite are provided each week; monthly and annual statistics on coal consumption, production, stocks, imports, and exports, and related supply and demand data are provided as they become available.

Weekly Coal Production is intended for use by the coal industry, the press, State and Federal Governments, policy makers, consumers, and analysts. Weekly coal production estimates are based on current trends in weekly rail carloadings of coal and current coal production trends as reported in *Coal Distribution* (Form EIA-6), monthly and quarterly coal production reports from State mine agencies, and *Coal Production Annual* (Form EIA-7a).

This report was prepared by the Energy Information Administration, the independent statistical and analytical agency within the Department of Energy. The information contained herein should not be construed as advocating or necessarily reflecting any policy position of the Department of Energy or any other organization.

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National Energy Information
Center, E1-20
Forrestal Building
**Energy Information
Administration**
Washington, D.C. 20585
(202) 252-8800

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